ABN: 32 001 059 356

**Financial Statements** 

For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

ABN: 32 001 059 356

#### **Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

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#### **Directors' Report**

#### 30 June 2021

Your Directors present their report on Wiseman Park Wollongong City Bowling Club Limited ("the Club") for the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

#### Information on directors

The names of each person who has been a director during the year and to the date of this report are:

Name	Position	Qualifications, experience and responsibilities
Garry Griffith	President	Retired
Brian Hood <sup>1</sup>	Vice President	Manager
Ron Owen <sup>1</sup>	Treasurer	Retired
Garry O'Brien <sup>2,5</sup>	Director	Retired
Tally Kouzan <sup>5</sup>	Director	Consultant
Kevin Scott <sup>2,4</sup>	Director	Retired
Ivan Robins <sup>2,4</sup>	Director	Retired
William Hamill <sup>3</sup>	Director	Businessman
David Kingdom <sup>3</sup>	Director	Retired
Mark Mawson <sup>2</sup>	Director	Retired
Jim Boal <sup>1,3</sup>	Vice President	Retired
Robert Warren <sup>1,3</sup>	Director	Retired

- 1 Appointed AGM on 8/11/2020
- 2 Ceased at AGM on 8/11/2020
- 3 Resigned December 2020
- 4 Appointed December 2020
- 5 Appointed January 2021

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

#### **Review of operations**

The result of the Club for the year amounted to a surplus of \$ 206,747 (2020: deficit of \$85,384).

#### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of Wiseman Park Wollongong City Bowling Club Limited during the financial year was maintain and conduct a bowling club for the accommodation of members of the Club, to promote the game of bowls and to encourage social activities between the members of the Club.

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#### **Directors' Report**

30 June 2021

#### Short and long term objectives

The Club's both short and long term objectives; as noted in the constitution, is to maintain and conduct a bowling club for the benefit of the members of the Club. The Club expects to achieve these objectives by promoting the game of bowls by hosting social activities, competitions and providing an enjoyable experience for members and their guests.

#### Strategy for achieving the objectives

To achieve these objectives, the Club will promote the game of bowls by hosting social activities, competitions and providing an enjoyable experience for members and their guests.

The principal activities of the Club during the financial year were to maintain and conduct a bowling club for the accommodation of members of the Club, to promote the game of bowls and to encourage social activities between the members of the Club.

These activities assisted the Club in achieving its objectives by providing members with the opportunity to play on the Club's greens. During the year, the Club also held a championship bowls tournament and fielded players in the pennants tournament.

#### **Performance measures**

The Club measures the financial health of the business via regular financial reporting to the Board on a monthly basis, through the levels of support provided to our local sporting clubs and as well as via internal measures relating to our core objectives of promoting the game of bowls with social activities between members of our Club.

#### Members' guarantee

The Wiseman Park Wollongong City Bowling Club Limited is a company limited by guarantee. In the event of, and for the purpose of winding up of the company, the amount capable of being called up from each members and any person or association who ceased to be a member in the year prior to the winding up, is limited to \$2 subject to the provisions of the company's constitution. At 30 June 2021 the collective liability of members was \$5,670.

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#### **Directors' Report**

#### 30 June 2021

#### **Meetings of directors**

During the financial year, 10 meetings of Directors were held. Attendances by each Director during the year were as follows:

	Directors' Meetings			
	Number attended	Number eligible to attend		
Garry Griffith	10	10		
Brian Hood <sup>1</sup>	8	8		
Ron Owen <sup>1</sup>	7	8		
Garry O'Brien <sup>2, 5</sup>	7	7		
Tally Kouzan <sup>5</sup>	4	5		
Kevin Scott <sup>2, 4</sup>	9	9		
Ivan Robins <sup>2, 4</sup>	9	9		
William Hamill <sup>3</sup>	3	3		
David Kingdom <sup>3</sup>	1	3		
Mark Mawson <sup>2</sup>	1	2		
Jim Boal <sup>1, 3</sup>	1	1		
Robert Warren <sup>1, 3</sup>	1	1		

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#### **Directors' Report**

30 June 2021

#### Auditor's independence declaration

The lead auditor's independence declaration in accordance with section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*, for the year ended 30 June 2021 has been received and can be found on page 5 of the financial report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Garry Griffith President

Ron Owen Treasurer

Dated: 12 August 2021



### Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 to the Directors of Wiseman Park Wollongong City Bowling Club Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2021, there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

**Partner** 

Dated: 12 August 2021

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Liability limited by a Scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.



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### Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

		2021	2020
	Note	\$	\$
Revenue	4	1,821,290	1,440,613
Other income	4	468,296	557,215
		2,289,586	1,997,828
Employee benefits		(722,318)	(733,640)
Cost of goods sold		(446,944)	(409,507)
Member and visitors		(374,996)	(446,260)
Depreciation and amortisation		(143,759)	(144,011)
Repairs and maintenance		(120,603)	(58,916)
Water, light and power		(58,821)	(58,884)
Audit, legal and consultancy		(57,260)	(55,301)
Insurance		(42,288)	(53,882)
Finance costs		(2,319)	(2,837)
Other expenses		(113,531)	(119,974)
Result for the year		206,747	(85,384)
Povaluation changes for land and huildings	10(h)	421 10F	
Revaluation changes for land and buildings	10(b)	421,195	<u>-</u>
Other comprehensive income for the year		421,195	
Total comprehensive income for the year		627,942	(85,384)

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Balance Sheet			
As at 30 June 2021			
		2021	2020
	Note	\$	\$
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS	_		
Cash and cash equivalents	5	795,272	524,834
Trade and other receivables	6	9,848	7,231
Inventories	7	26,222	16,486
Other assets	8 _	67,181	59,325
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	_	898,523	607,876
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Right-of-use assets	9	22,237	34,423
Property, plant and equipment	10 _	3,174,251	2,780,942
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	_	3,196,488	2,815,365
TOTAL ASSETS	_	4,095,011	3,423,241
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables		115,872	91,009
Lease liabilities	9	12,629	12,071
Other liabilities	11	63,349	13,102
Borrowings	12	-	240
Employee benefits	13 _	46,750	65,906
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	238,600	182,328
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Lease liabilities	9	8,176	21,874
Employee benefits	13 _	2,253	999
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	10,429	22,873
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	249,029	205,201
NET ASSETS		3,845,982	3,218,040
EQUITY	_		
Reserves	14	888,932	467,737
Retained earnings		2,957,050	2,750,303
TOTAL EQUITY	_	3,845,982	3,218,040

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### **Statement of Changes in Equity**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

	Retained Earnings \$	Asset Realisation Reserve \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2020	2,750,303	467,737	3,218,040
Result for the year	206,747	-	206,747
Other comprehensive income		421,195	421,195
Balance at 30 June 2021	2,957,050	888,932	3,845,982
Balance at 1 July 2019	2,835,687	467,737	3,303,424
Result for the year	(85,384)	-	(85,384)
Balance at 30 June 2020	2,750,303	467,737	3,218,040

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#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

		2021	2020
	Note	\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Receipts from customers		2,552,579	2,138,747
Payments to suppliers and employees		(2,177,437)	(2,212,054)
Interest received		2,494	12,023
Finance costs	_	(2,318)	<u>-</u>
Net cash provided/(used) by operating activities	_	375,318	(61,284)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(114,964)	(108,762)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	_	11,278	
Net cash provided/(used) by investing activities	_	(103,686)	(108,762)
CASH FLOWER FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES.			
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Payment for finance lease liabilities		(954)	(477)
Net cash provided/(used) by financing activities	-	(954)	(477)
	-	, ,	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents held		270,678	(170,523)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	_	524,594	695,117
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	5	795,272	524,594

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#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

The financial report covers Wiseman Park Wollongong City Bowling Club Limited ("the Club") as an individual entity. Wiseman Park Wollongong City Bowling Club Limited is a not-for-for profit Club limited by guarantee, incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

The functional and presentation currency of Wiseman Park Wollongong City Bowling Club Limited is Australian dollars.

Comparatives are consistent with prior years, unless otherwise stated.

#### 1 Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards - Reduced Disclosure Requirements, Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

Significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and are consistent with prior reporting periods unless otherwise stated.

#### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (a) Revenue and other income

Revenue from contracts with customers

The core principle of AASB 15 is that revenue is recognised on a basis that reflects the transfer of promised goods or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration the Club expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services.

Revenue is recognised by applying a five-step model as follows:

- 1. Identify the contract with the customer
- 2. Identify the performance obligations
- 3. Determine the transaction price
- 4. Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations
- 5. Recognise revenue as and when control of the performance obligations is transferred

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#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

#### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (a) Revenue and other income

Generally the timing of the payment for sale of goods and rendering of services corresponds closely to the timing of satisfaction of the performance obligations, however where there is a difference, it will result in the recognition of a receivable, contract asset or contract liability.

None of the revenue streams of the Club have any significant financing terms as there is less than 12 months between receipt of funds and satisfaction of performance obligations.

#### Specific revenue streams

The revenue recognition policies for the principal revenue streams of the Club are:

#### Bar sales and poker machine income

Revenue is recognised at the point the customer purchases the goods and services at the venue. Payment of the transaction price is due immediately at the time of purchase.

#### **Commissions**

Commissions income is recognised over the period in which the related services are rendered.

#### Membership subscriptions

Membership services requires the annual subscription payment to be made upfront. A contract liability is recognised on receipt of the payment and recognised on a straight-line basis as revenue as the services are provided.

#### Government COVID-19 stimulus income

Income is recognised in the period it is earned. For JobKeeper payments this is based on when amounts are receivable.

#### **Donations**

Donations and bequests are recognised as revenue when received.

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#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

#### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (a) Revenue and other income

#### Interest revenue

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method, which for floating rate financial assets is the rate inherent in the instrument.

#### Rental income

Revenue is recognised on a straight-line basis over a period of the lease term so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment.

#### (b) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

#### (c) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of GST.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

Cash flows in the statement of cash flows are included on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as operating cash flows.

#### (d) Income tax

The Club is exempt from income tax under Division 50 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997.

#### (e) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

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#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

#### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (e) Cash and cash equivalents

Bank overdrafts also form part of cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows and are presented within current liabilities on the balance sheet.

#### (f) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Club assesses whether a lease exists - i.e. does the contract convey the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

This involves an assessment of whether:

- The contract involves the use of an identified asset this may be explicitly or implicitly identified within the agreement. If the supplier has a substantive substitution right then there is no identified asset.
- The Club has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of the asset throughout the period of use.
- The Club has the right to direct the use of the asset i.e. decision making rights in relation to changing how and for what purpose the asset is used.

#### Lessee accounting

The non-lease components included in the lease agreement have been separated and are recognised as an expense as incurred.

#### (i) Right-of-use asset

At the lease commencement, the Club recognises a right-of-use asset and associated lease liability for the lease term. The lease term includes extension periods where the Club believes it is reasonably certain that the option will be exercised.

The right-of-use asset is measured using the cost model where cost on initial recognition comprises of the lease liability, initial direct costs, prepaid lease payments, estimated cost of removal and restoration less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the lease term on a straight line basis and assessed for impairment in accordance with the impairment of assets accounting policy.

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#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

#### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (f) Leases

#### (ii) Lease liability

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement of the lease. The discount rate is the rate implicit in the lease, however where this cannot be readily determined then the Club's incremental borrowing rate is used.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The lease liability is remeasured whether there is a lease modification, change in estimate of the lease term or index upon which the lease payments are based (e.g. CPI) or a change in the Club's assessment of lease term.

Where the lease liability is remeasured, the right-of-use asset is adjusted to reflect the remeasurement or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

#### Exceptions to lease accounting

The Club has elected to apply the exceptions to lease accounting for both short-term leases (i.e. leases with a term of less than or equal to 12 months) and leases of low-value assets. The Club recognises the payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### (g) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of inventory is determined using the first-in-first-out basis and is net of any rebates and discounts received.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the costs necessary to make the sale. Net realisable value is estimated using the most reliable evidence available at the reporting date and inventory is written down through an obsolescence provision if necessary.

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#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

#### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (h) Property, plant and equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment of losses.

Under the cost model, the asset is carried at its cost less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. Costs include purchase price, other directly attributable costs and the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and restoring the asset, where applicable.

#### Land and buildings

Freehold land and buildings are carried at fair value based on periodic valuations by external independent valuers, less subsequent depreciation for buildings.

The last valuation done on the Club's land and buildings that resulted in an adjustment to the fair value was 30 June 2021.

Revaluations are performed whenever there is a material movement in the value of an asset under the revaluation model; or on a triennial basis, whichever comes first.

In periods when the freehold land and buildings are not subject to an independent valuation, the Directors conduct appropriate enquiries and analysis to ensure the carrying amount for the land and buildings is not materially different to the fair value.

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of land and buildings are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the revaluation surplus in equity. Revaluation decreases that offset previous increases of the same class of assets shall be recognised in other comprehensive income under the heading of revaluation surplus. All other decreases are charged to the profit or loss.

Any accumulated depreciation at the date of the revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Freehold land and buildings that have been contributed at no cost, or for nominal cost are valued and recognised at the fair value of the asset at the date it is acquired.

#### Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured using the cost model.

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#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

#### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (h) Property, plant and equipment

#### Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis and are therefore carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. In the event the carrying amount of plant and equipment is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, the carrying amount is written down immediately to its estimated recoverable amount and impairment losses are recognised either in profit or loss or as a revaluation decrease if the impairment losses relate to a revalued asset. A formal assessment of recoverable amount is made when impairment indicators are present.

Plant and equipment that have been contributed at no cost, or for nominal cost, are valued and recognised at the fair value of the asset at the date it is acquired.

#### Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the assets useful life to the Club, commencing when the asset is ready for use.

Leased assets and leasehold improvements are amortised over their estimated useful life.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable asset are shown below:

Depreciation rate
5 - 40%
22.5%
2%
5 - 40%
30%

At the end of each annual reporting period, the depreciation method, useful life and residual value of each asset is reviewed. Any revisions are accounted for prospectively as a change in estimate.

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#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

#### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (i) Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised initially on the date that the Club becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

On initial recognition, all financial instruments are measured at fair value plus transaction costs (except for instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss where transaction costs are expensed as incurred).

#### (i) Financial assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

#### Classification

On initial recognition, the Club classifies its financial assets as those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Club changes its business model for managing financial assets.

#### Amortised cost

Assets measured at amortised cost are financial assets where:

- the business model is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The Club's financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet.

Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less provision for impairment.

Interest income and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

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#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

#### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (i) Financial instruments

#### (i) Financial assets

Impairment of financial assets

Impairment of financial assets is recognised on an expected credit loss (ECL) basis for financial assets measured at amortised cost.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial assets has increased significant since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Club considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Club's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward looking information.

The Club uses the presumption that an asset which is more than 30 days past due has seen a significant increase in credit risk.

The Club uses the presumption that a financial asset is in default when:

- the other party is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Club in full, without recourse to the Club to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or
- the financial assets is more than 90 days past due.

Credit losses are measured as the present value of the difference between the cash flows due to the Club in accordance with the contract and the cash flows expected to be received. This is applied using a probability weighted approach.

#### Trade receivables

Impairment of trade receivables have been determined using the simplified approach in AASB 9 which uses an estimation of lifetime expected credit losses. The Club has determined the probability of non-payment of the receivable and multiplied this by the amount of the expected loss arising from default.

The amount of the impairment is recorded in a separate allowance account with the loss being recognised in finance expense. Once the receivable is determined to be uncollectable then the gross carrying amount is written off against the associated allowance.

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#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

#### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (i) Financial instruments

#### (i) Financial assets

Where the Club renegotiates the terms of trade receivables due from certain customers, the new expected cash flows are discounted at the original effective interest rate and any resulting difference to the carrying value is recognised in profit or loss.

Other financial assets measured at amortised cost

Impairment of other financial assets measured at amortised cost are determined using the expected credit loss model in AASB 9. On initial recognition of the asset, an estimate of the expected credit losses for the next 12 months is recognised. Where the asset has experienced significant increase in credit risk then the lifetime losses are estimated and recognised.

#### (ii) Financial liabilities

The Club measures all financial liabilities initially at fair value less transaction costs, subsequently financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

The financial liabilities of the Club comprise trade and other payables, lease liabilities and borrowings.`

#### (j) Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period the Club determines whether there is an evidence of an impairment indicator for non-financial assets.

Where this indicator exists and regardless for goodwill, indefinite life intangible assets and intangible assets not yet available for use, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated.

Where assets do not operate independently of other assets, the recoverable amount of the relevant cash-generating unit (CGU) is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the higher of the fair value less costs of disposal and the value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from an asset or cash-generating unit.

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#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

#### 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (j) Impairment of non-financial assets

Where the recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Reversal indicators are considered in subsequent periods for all assets which have suffered an impairment loss, except for goodwill.

#### (k) Employee benefits

Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits and accumulating sick leave that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liabilities for long service leave and annual leave are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the end of the reporting period of high-quality corporate bonds with terms and currencies that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows. Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in profit or loss.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the balance sheet if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

#### (I) Adoption of new and revised accounting standards

The Club has adopted all standards which became effective for the first time during the year, the adoption of these standards has not caused any material adjustments to the reported financial position, performance or cash flow of the Club.

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#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

#### 3 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The Directors make estimates and judgements during the preparation of these financial statements regarding assumptions about current and future events affecting transactions and balances.

These estimates and judgements are based on the best information available at the time of preparing the financial statements, however as additional information is known then the actual results may differ from the estimates.

The significant estimates and judgements made have been described below:

#### (a) Key estimates - impairment of property, plant and equipment

The Club assesses impairment at the end of each reporting period by evaluating conditions specific to the Club that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are reassessed using value-in-use calculations which incorporate various key assumptions.

#### (b) Key estimates - property held at fair value

An independent valuation of property (land and buildings) carried at fair value was obtained, effective 30 June 2021. The valuation is an estimation which would only be realised if the property is sold. The critical assumptions adopted in determining the valuation included the location of the land and buildings, current demand and recent sales data for similar properties. The valuation resulted in \$421,195 being credited to the statement of comprehensive income.

#### (c) Key estimates - useful lives of depreciable assets

Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets. Uncertainties in these estimates relate to technical obsolescence that may change the utility of certain property, plant and equipment.

#### (d) Key estimates - employee benefits

The liability for long service leave is recognised and measured at the present value of the estimated cash flows to be made in respect of all employees at the reporting date. In determining the present value of the liability, estimates of attrition rates and pay increases through promotion and inflation have been taken into account.

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#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

#### 4 Revenue and Other Income

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Revenue from contracts with customers		
- Bar sales	954,073	901,706
- Poker machine income	824,922	506,032
- Keno and TAB commissions	42,295	32,875
	1,821,290	1,440,613
Other revenue		
- COVID-19 subsidies and grants	149,292	189,988
- Bowls	86,675	86,934
- Rebates	74,580	48,056
- Food services	61,187	71,073
- Raffles	37,938	48,927
- Memberships	24,910	26,969
- Interest received	2,494	12,023
- Sundry income	31,220	73,245
	468,296	557,215

#### Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers has been disaggregated, the following table shows this breakdown:

#### Timing of revenue recognition

- At a point in time	1,821,290	1,440,613
- Over time	-	-
Revenue from contracts with customers	1,821,290	1,440,613

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#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

#### 5 Cash and Cash Equivalents

		2021	2020
	Note	\$	\$
Cash on hand		_	71,442
Cash at bank		138,197	48,803
Short-term bank deposits	_	657,075	404,589
	_	795,272	524,834

#### **Reconciliation of cash**

Cash and Cash equivalents reported in the statement of cash flows are reconciled to the equivalent items in the balance sheet as follows:

	Cash and cash equivalents		795,273	524,834
	Bank overdrafts	12	-	(240)
	Balance as per statement of cash flows	;	795,273	524,594
6	Trade and Other Receivables			
	Trade receivables		9,848	60
	Provision for impairment	•	-	-
			9,848	60
	Other receivables	,		7,171
			9,848	7,231

The carrying value of trade receivables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value due to the short-term nature of the balances.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the fair value of each class of receivable in the financial statements.

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#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

#### 6 Trade and Other Receivables

#### **Provision for Impairment of receivables**

The Club applies the simplified approach to providing for expected credit losses prescribed by AASB 9, which permits the use of the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The loss allowance provision as at 30 June 2021 has been assessed as being trivial and hence no provision considered necessary.

The Club measures the loss allowance for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss (ECL). The ECL on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix by reference to past default experience of the debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date.

There has been no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the current reporting period.

The Club writes off a trade receivable when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings or when the trade receivables are over a number of years past due, whichever occurs first.

#### 7 Inventories

7	Inventories		
		2021	2020
		\$	\$
	Inventory	26,222	16,486
8	Other assets		
	Prepayments	67,181	59,325

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#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

#### 9 Leases

#### (a) Club as a lessee

The Club has leases over plant and equipment. The lease is for a 36 month term.

Information relating to the leases in place and associated balances and transactions are provided below.

#### (b) Right-of-use assets

	Plant and Equipment
	\$
Year ended 30 June 2021	
Balance at beginning of year	34,423
Depreciation charge	(12,186)
Balance at end of year	22,237
Year ended 30 June 2020	
Balance at beginning of year	39,420
Depreciation charge	(4,997)
Balance at end of year	34,423

#### (c) Lease liabilities

Lease mashires	2021 \$	2020 \$
Current liability	12,629	12,071
Non current liability	8,176	21,874
	20,805	33,945

#### (d) Extension options

The Club has no option to extend any leases.

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#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

#### 9 Leases

#### (e) Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

The amounts recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income relating to leases where the Club is a lessee are shown below:

		2021	2020
		\$	\$
	Depreciation of right-of-use assets	(12,186)	(4,997)
		(12,186)	(4,997)
(f)	Statement of Cash Flows		
	Total cash outflow for leases	954	477

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#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

### 10 Property, Plant and Equipment

		2021	2020
	Note	\$	\$
Land and buildings			
At fair value	10(b)	2,600,000	2,281,576
Accumulated depreciation	_	-	(69,263)
	_	2,600,000	2,212,313
Poker machines			
At cost		637,744	609,710
Accumulated depreciation	_	(458,323)	(444,824)
	_	179,421	164,886
Furniture and fittings			
At cost		328,502	303,564
Accumulated depreciation	_	(220,415)	(209,942)
	_	108,087	93,622
Computer software			
At cost		17,489	14,989
Accumulated depreciation	_	(15,608)	(14,590)
	_	1,881	399
Plant and equipment			
At cost		985,335	957,337
Accumulated depreciation	_	(700,473)	(647,615)
	_	284,862	309,722
Total property, plant and equipment	=	3,174,251	2,780,942

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#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

#### 10 Property, Plant and Equipment

#### (a) Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

	Land and buildings	Poker machines	Furniture & fittings	Plant & Equipment	Computer software	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at beginning of year	2,212,313	164,886	93,622	309,722	399	2,780,942
Additions	1,274	54,525	24,939	31,725	2,500	114,963
Disposals - written down value	-	(8,003)	-	(3,275)	-	(11,278)
Depreciation expense	(34,782)	(31,987)	(10,474)	(53,310)	(1,018)	(131,571)
Revaluation [note10(b)]	421,195	-	-	-	_	421,195
Balance at 30 June 2021	2,600,000	179,421	108,087	284,862	1,881	3,174,251

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#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

#### 10 Property, Plant and Equipment

#### (b) Revaluation

Land and buildings are recognised at fair value based on periodic, but at least triennial, valuations by external independent valuers, less subsequent depreciation for buildings. The most recent formal valuation was effective 30 June 2021 [refer note 3(b)]. As a result, a revaluation surplus has been credited to the asset revaluation reserve in equity (refer note 14). All other property, plant and equipment is recognised at historical cost less depreciation.

Basis of valuation reflects market value of comparable properties.

#### (c) Core and Non-Core Property

As required under section 41J of the *Registered Clubs Act 1976*, the Club is required to specify core property and non-core properties owned or occupied as at the end of the financial year. Accordingly, the Directors consider as core property the licensed premises from which the Club operates at Foley Street, Gwynneville.

#### (d) Historical cost

Given the time that has passed since the original decision had been made to move to fair value, the historical cost of the land and building assets is not known.

#### 11 Other Liabilities

	020 \$
Contract liabilities - membership in advance 17,277	13,102
Insurance premium funding 46,072	-
63,349	13,102

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#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

#### 12 Borrowings

		2021	2020
		\$	\$
Bank overdraft (secured)	<u>-</u>	-	240
	=		·

#### (a) Security pledged

The bank loans are secured by a first registered mortgage over the freehold land and buildings of the Club.

#### 13 Employee Benefits

Annual leave	40,696	35,961
Long service leave	6,054	29,945
	46,750	65,906
NON-CURRENT		
Long service leave	2,253	999

#### 14 Reserves

#### Asset revaluation reserve

The asset revaluation reserve records fair value movements on property held under the revaluation model.

#### 15 Interests of Key Management Personnel

The total remuneration paid to key management personnel of the Club was \$ 107,262 (2020: \$ 108,001).

#### 16 Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

In the opinion of the Directors, the Club did not have any contingencies at 30 June 2021 (30 June 2020: None).

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#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

#### 17 Related Party Transactions

Related parties include close family members of key management personnel and entities that are controlled or significantly influenced by those key management personnel or their close family members.

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

#### 18 Events after the end of the Reporting Period

The financial report was authorised for issue on 12 August 2021 by the Board of Directors.

On 26 June as a result of the New South Wales Public Orders, the Club was required to cease on-premises activities and remains closed as at the date of signing this report. As a result of the evolving nature of the COVID-19 outbreak, the government policies of restrictive measures to contain it, and the stimulus funding available to mitigate its impact, as at the date of these financial statements, the Club is not in a position to reasonably estimate the financial effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on the future financial performance and financial position of the Club.

Other than the current disclosures, there has not been any other matter or circumstance occurring subsequent to the end of the financial year that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Club, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Club in subsequent financial periods.

#### 19 Statutory Information

The registered office and principal place of business of the Club is:

**Foley Street** 

Gwynneville

NSW 2500

ABN: 32 001 059 356

#### **Directors' Declaration**

The Directors of the Club declare that:

- 1. The financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 6 to 31, are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and:
  - a. comply with Australian Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Requirements; and
  - b. give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the Club.
- 2. In the Directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Club will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

**Garry Griffith** 

President

Ron Owen

Treasurer

Dated: 12 August 2021



#### Independent Audit Report to the members of Wiseman Park Wollongong City Bowling Club Limited

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial report of Wiseman Park Wollongong City Bowling Club Limited ("the Club"), which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2021, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the Directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Club is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- giving a true and fair view of the Club's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its financial (i) performance for the year ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards - Reduced Disclosure Requirements and the Corporations Regulations Act 2001.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Club in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Wollongong

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Scheme approved under





#### Independent Audit Report to the members of Wiseman Park Wollongong City Bowling Club Limited

#### Information other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2021, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report the fact. we have nothing to report in this regard.

#### **Responsibilities of Directors for the Financial Report**

The Directors of the Club are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Club's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Club or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.



#### Independent Audit Report to the members of Wiseman Park Wollongong City Bowling Club Limited

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: <a href="https://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors\_responsibilities/ar4.pdf">https://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors\_responsibilities/ar4.pdf</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Daley Audit
Daley Audit

Llichael Llux

Michael Munet

Partner

Dated: 12 August 2021

Wollongong

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.